

**Pyridine 1 degree** Safety Data Sheet According to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

:	April 03, 2014
:	0001Gj Ghs13 Div.2 sds Pyridine 1 degree
:	13
:	January 25, 2024
:	December , 2026
:	January 02, 2024
:	0001Gj Ghs12 Div.2 sds Pyridine 1 degree
	:

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## Pyridine 1 degree Safety Data Sheet

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#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING 1.1. Product identifier PRODUCT NAME : Pyridine 1 degree CAS RN : 110-86-1 : 203-809-9 EC# **SYNONYMS** : Azabenzene, Azine SYSTEMATIC NAME : Pyridine MOLECULAR FORMULA : C₅H₅N STRUCTURAL FORMULA

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. **Relevant identified uses**

Pyridine is used directly in the denaturation of alcohol (ACGIH 1986; HSDB 1989; NSC 1978) and as a solvent in paint and rubber preparation (ACGIH 1986; HSDB 1989; NSC 1978) and in extracting plant hormones (Santodonato et al. 1985). Pyridine is used as an intermediate in making various insecticides and herbicides for agricultural applications (ACGIH 1986; Harper et al. 1985; Santodonato et al. 1985). Pyridine goes into the production of piperidine (Harper et al. 1985; Santodonato et al. 1985), which is commercially significant in the preparation of chemicals used in rubber vulcanization and agriculture (NSC 1978). Pyridine is also used as an intermediate in the preparation of drugs (antihistamines, steroids, sulfa-type and other antibacterial agents) dyes, water repellents, and polycarbonate resins (ACGIH 1986; Harper et al. 1985: NSC 1978: Santodonato et al. 1985).

Uses advised against: None

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Jubilant Ingrevia Limited

FACTORY & REGISTERED OFFICE: Jubilant Ingrevia Limited, Bhartiagram, Gajraula, District: Amroha, Uttar Pradesh-244223, India T +91-5924-267437 & +91-5924-267438

HEAD OFFICE: Jubilant Ingrevia Limited, Plot 1-A, Sector 16-A, Institutional Area, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, 201301 - India T +91-120-4361000 - F +91-120-4234881 / 84 / 85 / 87 / 95 / 96 support@jubl.com - www.jubilantingrevia.com

#### Emergency telephone number 1.4.

For Chemical Emergency ONLY (in the case of fire, leak, spill, exposure or accident) Call Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (US), 1-703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.) Chemtrec (India) : 000-800-100-7141

For ALL other emergencies call Emergency Control Room Gajraula at 99970 22412

#### SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**GHS-US classification** Flammable Liquid: Category 2 Acute Toxicity Dermal: Category 4 Acute Toxicity Inhalation: Category 4 Acute Toxicity Oral: Category 4 Skin corrosion/ irritation: Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2

#### 2.2. Label Elements

Hazard Pictogram: GHS02; GHS 07



Signal Word: Danger!

#### HAZARD AND PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

HAZARD STATEMENTS

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- H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H312: Harmful in contact with skin.
- H332: Harmful if inhaled.
- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/equipment
- P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P233: Keep container tightly closed.
- P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P301+P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P305+P351+P338: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P321: Specific treatment (see on the label).
- P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405: Store locked up.
- P501: Dispose of contents/container to local/regional/national/international regulations.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical	CAS #	EC No.	Purity	GHS CLASSIFICATION
Pyridine 1 degree	110-86-1	203-809-9	100%	Flammable Liquid: Category 2 Acute Toxicity Dermal: Category 4 Acute Toxicity Inhalation: Category 4 Acute Toxicity Oral: Category 4 Skin corrosion/ irritation: Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2

#### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Eyes: Rinse eyes immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the eyelids. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.
- **Dermal/Skin:** Wash exposed area twice with soap and water. The exposed area should be examined by medical personnel if irritation or pain persists after the area has been washed.
- Inhalation: Remove from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep affected person warm and at rest. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.
- Ingestion: If swallowed, contact physician or poison control center immediately. Give oxygen if respiration is shallow. GET MEDICAL
  ATTENTION. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of
  aspiration.
- Notes to physician: No specific indications. Treatment should be based on the judgment of the physician in response to the reactions of the patient.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute:

Pyridine is moderately to severely irritating to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Vapors may be irritating to the respiratory tract. Pyridine is readily absorbed through the skin. Extended exposure (e.g. from saturated clothing) may lead to systemic poisoning. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, and other effects. Symptoms seen after inhalation overexposures are expected to be essentially the same as those listed previously. Ingestion of several ounces of pyridine has resulted in severe vomiting, diarrhea, high fever, delirium and death. Ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of exposure.

Delayed Effects:



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#### None known.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

• Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Appropriate extinguishing media: Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, and alcohol resistant foam. Water may also be used. Water sprays
can be effective in cooling down the fire-exposed containers and knocking down the vapors. Water jets may be used to flush spills away and
dilute the same to non-flammable mixtures.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazardous Products of Combustion: Toxic vapors may be released upon thermal decomposition (cyanides, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide).
- Potential for Dust Explosion: Not applicable.
- Special Flammability Hazards: Severe explosion hazard in the form of vapor (within flammability limits) when exposed to heat, flame or static discharge.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

• Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (i.e., Bunker gear). Skin and eye contact should be avoided. Normal firefighting procedures may be used.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Eliminate all source of ignition. All equipment used for handling must be grounded. Use clean non-sparking tools.
- Large spills involve many small leaking package of greater than 200 liters, such as a cargo tank or portable tank.
- Remove unauthorized personnel from the area.
- Wear full protective equipment as per section 8.
- Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
- Stop leak if can do so without risk.

#### **Minor Spills**

- Clean up all spills immediately following relevant Standard Operating Procedures.
- Avoid breathing vapors and contact with skin and eyes.
- Shut off leak source if possible.
- Shut off all possible sources of ignition.
- Wear protective clothing, boots, impervious gloves and safety glasses.
- Wipe up.
- Decontaminate all equipment.
- Use non-sparking tools.

#### Major Spill

- Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Shut off all possible sources of ignition and increase ventilation.
- Wear protective clothing, full boots, impervious gloves, safety glasses and Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), as may be deemed appropriate.
- Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- Dike far ahead of spill for later disposal.
- Water spray may be used to reduce vapors but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.
- Stop leaks if possible.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water and watercourses.
- Collect recoverable product into labeled containers for recycling, recovery or disposal.
- Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.
- Spread area with lime or absorbent material, and leave for at least 1 hour before washing.
- Clean up all tools and equipment.
- Inform authorities in event of contamination of any public sewers, drains or water bodies.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

- Use good occupational work practice.
- Avoid breathing vapors and contact with skin and eyes.
- Avoid smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
- Wear protective gloves, eye/face protection and protective clothing.
- Ground and secure containers when dispensing or pouring product.
- Use explosion proof equipment and non-sparking tools.
- Avoid contact with incompatible materials.



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- When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash hands thoroughly after usage
- Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
- Use in a well-ventilated place/Use protective clothing commensurate with exposure levels.
- If on skin or hair, IMMEDIATELY remove all contaminated clothing and rinse/shower with plenty of water.

#### Storage

- Store at room temperature in a dry and well ventilated place
- Store in a flame proof area
- Store away from incompatible materials, away from direct light.
- Keep securely closed when not in use.
- Protect containers against physical damage.
- Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
- SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

Exposure Limits Values

Exposure Limits 1 ppm= 3.235 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Source         ppm         mg/m3         ppm         mg/m3           Australia Exposure         5         16	Source	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL
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US ACGIH TLV 2001 5	UK WELS	5	16	10	33
	US - NY OELs	1			
	US ACGIH TLV 2001	5			
		5	15		

- IDLH (Immediately Dangerous To Life & Health): 1000ppm (NIOSH 1997)
- TEEL-1: The maximum airborne concentration below which it is believed that nearly all individuals could be exposed without experiencing other than mild transient adverse health effects or perceiving a clearly defined objectionable odor.
- TEEL-2: The maximum airborne concentration below which it is believed that nearly all individuals could be exposed without experiencing or developing irreversible or other serious health effects or symptoms, which could impair an individual's ability to take protective action.



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• TEEL-3: The maximum airborne concentration below which it is believed that nearly all individuals could be exposed without experiencing or developing life-threatening health effects.

#### Pyridine data:

TEEL 1: 15 ppm; TEEL 2: 25 ppm; TEEL 3: 1000ppm

#### **Exposure Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational
exposure limits. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **.Personal Protection**

- Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled. The resistance of the protective clothing to chemicals should be ascertained with the respective supplier.
- Eyes: Safety goggles/ Chemical Safety glasses and Face shield.
- **Clothing**: Boots and clothing to prevent contact.
- Respirator: Follow a respiratory program that may be locally applicable such as OSHA 1910.134 or EN 149. Always use an approved
  respirator. Air purifying respirators will not work in oxygen deficit areas. Use an appropriate filter (Type A or K under EN 149 for organic
  chemicals).
- Hands: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.
- Protective gloves:

Material ratings: Check manufactures data Butyl>3 hrs Neop/natural rubber<1 hr PE Gloves: 1-3 hrs PE/EVAL/PE>3 hrs Responder fabric>3 hrs

• Feet: Safety Boots

#### General Industrial hygiene:

- Immediately change contaminated clothing
- Apply skin protective barrier cream
- Wash hands and face after working with the substance
- Under no circumstances eat or drink at the workplace
- Do not inhale substances, work under hood.

#### SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

• Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Sr.No.	Parameter	Typical value		
1.	Appearance	Colorless to pale yellow liquid		
2.	Odor	Fish like nauseating odor		
3.	Odor Threshold	0.23 ppm (low)-1.9 ppm		
4.	рН	8.5		
5.	Melting point/Freezing point	(-) 41.6 °C		
6.	Boiling Point	115.2 °C		
7.	Flash point	20°C closed cup (68°F)		
8.	Evaporation rate (n-BuAc=1)	1.37 (n-Butyl acetate= 1)		
9.	Flammability	Highly flammable liquid		
10.	Upper/lower flammability or Explosive limits	1.8%-12.4% v/v in air		
11.	Vapor pressure	26.7 hPa @20°C		
12.	Vapor density (air=1)	2.73 (Air=1)		
13.	Relative density	0.982		
14.	Solubility	Very soluble in water, Soluble in alcohols, ether and hydrocarbons		
15.	Partition coefficient : n-(Octonol / water)	0.64 at 20°C		
16.	Auto-ignition temperature	482.2°C (900°F)		
17.	Decomposition temperature	Not available		

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18.	Viscosity	0.879 mPa ⋅ s (dynamic) at 20ºC
19.	Explosive property	Not explosive
20.	Oxidizing property	Not oxidizing
21.	рКа (@250С)	5.23
22.	Molecular weight	79.1
23.	Azeotrope	Azeotrope with3m/m water b.p.92-30C

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- Stability: Stable under normal conditions of temperature.
- Conditions to avoid: Static discharges, high temperatures, incompatible chemicals, direct light, moist conditions.
- Incompatible chemicals: Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids. Pyridine reacts violently with chlorosulfonic acid, chromic acid, maleic anhydride, nitric acid, Fuming sulfuric acid, perchromates, beta-propiolactone, silver perchlorate, & sulfuric acid.
- Transport compatibilities: Compatible to s.steel (314/316), cast iron and PTFE.
- Severe effect with viton, neoprene and natural rubber.
- Hazardous decomposition: Gives off fumes of cyanide on hazardous decomposition. (ILO). May give of fumes of nitrogen oxides, cyanide, carbon monoxide and toxic and irritating fumes on decomposition.
- Hazardous Polymerization: Not expected.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

: Oral: Harmful if swallowed. Dermal: Harmful in contact with skin. Inhalation: dust, mist: Harmful if inhaled.

Pyridine (110-86-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1.58 g/kg
LD50 oral	891 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	1121 mg/kg bw/day
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	9000 ppm 1h
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	4000 ppm/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
	pH: 8.5 (0.2 M aqueous solution)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
	pH: 8.5 (0.2 M aqueous solution)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Skin sensitization
Germ cell mutagenicity	: No information is available and no adverse mutagenic effects are anticipated (No classification for mutagenicity as none of the components is classified for mutagenicity)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified ACGIH A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

Pyridine (110-86-1)	
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/male, 2 years)	7 mg/kg bodyweight
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Respiratory tract irritation. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, liver, respiratory system, testes).
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMAT	

12.1. Toxicity	
Pyridine ACS (110-86-1)	
LC50 for fresh water fish	560 mg/l 96h
EC50/LC50 for freshwater	320 mg/L
invertebrates	
EC50/LC50 for freshwater algae	320mg/L
EC50 or LC50 for	20mg/L
microorganisms:	

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#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Pyridine (110-86-1)	
	Pyridine was tested in several guideline biodegradability protocols, along with many other chemical substances in a comparison of the effectiveness of the protocols to simulate biodegradation situations.
Persistence and degradability	Pyridine displayed over 97% biodegradation rates in the Coupled Units (OECD 303A), Sturm (OECD 301B) and Zahn-Wellens (OECD 302B) tests. Some biodegradation (15%) was found in the MITI (OECD 301C) test, but the value was below the "pass" criteria. No biodegradation was observed in the OECD 301A and 301D (screening) tests. The conclusion is that pyridine is biodegradable in some but not all guideline test protocols. [Gerike and Fischer 1979]

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Pyridine ACS (110-86-1)	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	3.162L/Kg wet wt.
Log BCF	0.500
Bioaccumulative potential	Low bioaccumulation potential in both aquatic and terrestrial habitats.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Pyridine (110-86-1)	
	The absorbability of pyridine was 0.095 g/g activated charcoal. The estimated Koc for pyridine was
Mobility in soil	71.72 L/kg (equivalent to log Koc = 1.8557).

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Additional information

: Avoid release to the environment

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

- Important: Always check for local and federal laws that may be applicable. Obtain the help of a professional, if required. Waste may be classified as toxic and ignitable.
- **Classification:** This chemical may be classified as a hazardous waste. In USA generators of waste involving this chemical classified as U196 (Pyridine), F005 and D038 will have to conform to laws applicable for storage, transport, treatment and disposal.
- Disposal Methods:
- Landfill: Will not be recommended in most circumstances. In USA under the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) the waste will carry the waste code for pyridine if the TCLP levels exceed 5%. 40 chemicals including pyridine are currently listed in this procedure. Incineration: Controlled incineration whereby the nitrogen oxides are removed by scrubbing, catalytic or thermal means is recommended. A suitable solvent may be considered for dilution, which may be fed to an incineration unit equipped with an after burner and scrubber. A potential candidate for rotary kiln incineration at a temperature range of 820 to 1,600 deg C and residence times of seconds for liquids and gases, and hours for solids. A potential candidate for fluidized bed incineration at a temperature range of 450 to 980 deg C and residence times of seconds for liquids and gases, and longer for solids. [USEPA; Engineering Handbook for Hazardous Waste Incineration p.3-15 (1981) EPA 68-03-3025]
- Photolysis: Photolysis of pyridine at low pH that may be catalytically or oxygen assisted may be used to dispose pyridine. [United Nations. Treatment and Disposal Methods for Waste Chemicals (IRPTC File). Data Profile Series No. 5. Geneva, Switzerland: United Nations Environmental Program, Dec. 1985. 274]
- Precautions: Laws may be applicable to containers and equipment rinsates. Disposal procedures and methods must take into account the toxicity and flammability hazard.
- Exert extra care in igniting, as this material is highly flammable.

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• Dispose of this material in accordance with standard practice for disposal of potentially hazardous materials as required by applicable federal, state or local laws. Note that disposal regulations may also apply to empty containers and equipment rinsates.

#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

• This substance is considered to be hazardous for transport by Air/Road and Sea and thus regulated by IMO/ IMDG/ IATA/ ICAO/ US DOT.

S.No	Agency	UN Number Proper Hazard Class		Packing Group		
Land Transport	DOT	UN 1282 Pyridine		3	Flammable liquid.	II
Maritime Transport	IMDG	UN 1282	PYRIDINE	3	Flammable liquid.	II
Air Transport	ΙΑΤΑ	UN 1282	Pyridine	3	Flammable liquid.	II
Hazard Label			FL			
Haze	chem	2WE (Applicable for surface transport in India. UK, Australia and several countries)			veral	
Air Tra	ansport	ERG Code: 3L				
Marine	Pollutant	This chemical is not a marine pollutant but is nevertheless harmful to the environment.			iful to the	

#### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### • European Union Information EC# 203-809-9

#### Classification as per CLP Regulation 1272/2008:

- Flam. Lig. 2; Acute Tox(Oral/Dermal/Inhalation) Cat 4; Skin corrosion/ irritation: Cat. 2; Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Cat. 2
- Hazards Statements: H225; H302; H312; H332; H315; H319

#### US information

- TSCA Inventory: CAS RN 110-86-1 present
- **RTK lists:** Pyridine can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Florida, Pennsylvania, Minnesota &Massachusetts.
- California Prop 65: Present
- Clean Air Act: CAS# 110-86-1 does not contain any hazardous air pollutants. This material does not contain any Class 1 or 2 Ozone depletory substances.
- Clean Water Act:
  - CAS# 110-86-1 is not listed as a Hazardous Substance under the CWA. CAS#110-86-1 is not listed as a Priority Pollutant under the CWA. CAS#110-86-1 is not listed as Toxic Pollutant under the CWA.
- CERCLA Chemical: Yes CERCLA RQ lbs: 1000
- EPCRA EHS Chemical: No
   EPCRA TPQ lbs: Not applicable
- EPCRA 313 Chemical: Yes
   RCRA : U196 CHRIS: PRD
- Inventories
  - Present on the Inventories of most countries. Revert for specific information. Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).
- Canada

Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL). Canada Ingredient Disclosure List (SOR/88-64).

China

China Dangerous Chemicals Names List. China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.

### New Zealand



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According to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

NZ: Pyridine 110-86-1 Classification HSNO: 3.1B, 6.1C,6 3B 6 9A 9 1B 9 3B

- Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
- Switzerland Giftliste (List of Toxic Substances) 1
- Taiwan List of Announced Toxic Chemical Substances
- Thailand Harmful Chemicals List I

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

## a) Compilation information of safety data sheet

Date of compilation	: April 03, 2014
Chemical	: Pyridine 1 degree
CAS #	: 110-86-1
File Name	: 0001Gj Ghs13 Div.2 sds Pyridine 1 degree
Revision Number	: 13
Date of Issue	: January 25, 2024
Revision Due Date	: December 31, 2026
Supersedes date	: January 02, 2024

#### b) A key or legend to aberrations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

- PBT =Persistent Bio accumulative and Toxic.
- vPvB= Very Persistent and Very Bio accumulative.
- SCBA= Self Contained Breathing Apparatus.
- RTECS= Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.
- NTP=National Toxicology Program.
- IARC= International Agency for Research on Cancer.
- EPA=Environmental Protection Agency.
- TSCA= Toxic Substances Control Act.
- CERCLA= Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.
- SARA= Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
- NFPA= National Fire Protection Association.
- WHIMS= Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.
- DSL/NDSL= Domestic/Non-Domestic Substances List.
- CSR=Chemical Safety Report.
- BCF = Bio Concentration Factor.
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level.
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration.
- TLV = Threshold Limit Value.
- ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
- REACH = Registration, Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals.
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging.
- LD / LC = Lethal Doses / Lethal Concentration.
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System.
- ADR = Accord European relative au transport international de merchandises.
- IMDG-Code = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
- ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization.
- IATA/DGR= International Air Transport Association/Dangerous Goods Regulation.

### c) Key Literature reference and sources for data

#### **Biographical reference and data sources**

- Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.
- CLP REG (regulation) (EC) no. 1272/2008, last modification by regulation (EC) no. 790/2009.
- National Library of Medicine, Department of Health and Human Services, Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB)
- Verschueren, Karel; Environmental Data on Organic Chemicals; 3rd Ed.; Van Nostrand Reinhold 1996
- IARC monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, WHO International Research on Cancer.
- Pyridine and Pyridine Derivatives High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals Category Assessment of Data Availability and Test Plan December 17,2003.

#### SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

(End of Safety Data Sheet)